

### **PROSPECTUS**

# Offer for XCD\$500MM and US\$100MM FIXED INCOME PAPER INVESTMENTS/REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

PROSPECTUS DATE: June 10, 2022

#### **DEFINITIONS / INTERPRETATIONS**

The definitions/interpretations set out below apply throughout this document unless the context requires otherwise.

The Bank First Citizens Bank Limited

BBD Barbados Dollars

By-Laws of the Issuer

Business Day A weekday on which commercial banks are generally open for business in the

Eastern Caribbean and Trinidad and Tobago

Business Day Convention The Business Day immediately following the day on which pay mentor delivery

is due to be made, if that payment or delivery date is not a Business Day.

CMMB Caribbean Money Market Brokers Limited

Directors Directors of First Citizens Investment Services Limited

The Distribution Offer by FCIS of XCD and USD Fixed Income Paper/Repurchase Agreements

ECCB Eastern Caribbean Central Bank

ECCU Eastern Caribbean Currency Union

ECSE Eastern Caribbean Securities Exchange

ECSRC Eastern Caribbean Securities Regulatory Commission

FCIS First Citizens Investment Services Limited

FCBAS First Citizens Brokerage and Advisory Services Limited
FCISBL First Citizens Investment Services (Barbados) Limited

FCPIMS First Citizens Portfolio and Investment Management Services Limited

First Citizens Group First Citizens Bank Limited and all of its subsidiaries operating in Trinidad and

Tobago and the Eastern Caribbean Region including:

First Citizens Depository Services Limited First Citizens Trustee Services Limited

First Citizens Financial Services (Saint Lucia) Limited

First Citizens Investment Services Limited

First Citizens Brokerage and Advisory Services Limited

First Citizens Portfolio and Investment Management Services Limited

First Citizens Investment Services (Barbados) Limited

First Citizens Bank (Barbados) Limited FCCR First Citizens Costa Rica S.A.

FIP Fixed Income Paper Investment

FY Financial Year ended September 30

GORTT/the Government Government of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago

Issuer First Citizens Investment Services Limited

Investment Date The date of receipt of fund and date of investment set up by Issuer

Investment Amount Amount investment by client or investor or investment date

IPO Initial Public Offering

Liquidity Support Agreement ("LSA") Agreement dated May 15 2009 amongst the Bank, the Central Bank of

Trinidad and Tobago and the GORTT that indemnifies the Bank against

certain losses that may have resulted from the acquisition of CMMB

Margin Call The Issuer is required to increase the face value of the underlying security to

a Repo in order to maintain the Margin Ratio specified for the Repo

Margin Ratio Market Value of the Underlying Securities at the time when the repo was

entered into divided by the Investment Amount minus100%

Market Value The price of the fair market value of the underlying security, as agreed by the

Parties or as determined by a mutually agreed independent professional having the required experience or from a generally recognized source agreed

to by the Parties

Maturity Date The termination date of the FIP/Repurchase Agreement

M Thousands

MM Millions

MRA Master Repurchase Agreement

Offeror First Citizens Investment Services Limited

PBT Profit Before Tax

Registry Registry of Companies and Intellectual Property of Saint Lucia

Repo Repurchase Agreement

Repurchase Agreement An Agreement between the Issuer and investor such that the investor places

the investment amount with the Issuer who agrees to secure the investment with underlying securities until Maturity Date and interest is accrued on the

investment amount at the Repo Rate

Rate The per annum percentage rate applied for the term of the Repo

TTD Trinidad and Tobago Dollars

Securities Act 2001 "Securities Acts" refers collectively to the Securities Act Chapter S13 of

Anguilla, the Securities Act No. 14 of 2001 of Antigua and Barbuda, the Securities Act No. 21 of 2001 of the Commonwealth of Dominica, the Securities Act No. 23 of 2001 of Grenada, the Securities Act Chapter 11.01 of Montserrat, the Securities Act Chapter 21.16 of the Federation of Saint Christopher and Nevis, the Securities Act Chapter 12.18 of Saint. Lucia and the Securities Act Chapter 261 of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines and any statutory extension modification amendment or re-enactment of any of the said acts and the Securities Regulations and other subsidiary legislation made

thereunder as amended from time to time.

Underlying Security(ies) Securities that are held for the investor by the Issuer to cover the

Amount of the investor's Repo

USD United States dollars

XCD Eastern Caribbean dollars



#### **APPROVAL**

Of the Board of Directors of First Citizens Investment Services Limited at a Special Meeting held on May 03, 2022, with the offer sum of XCD\$500MM and US\$100MM

#### **PROSPECTUS**

## Offer for XCD\$500MM and US\$100MM Fixed Income Paper Investments/Repurchase Agreements

We, the undersigned Directors of First Citizens Investment Services Limited, collectively and individually accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information given and confirm, having made all reasonable inquiries, that to the best of our knowledge and belief that there are no other facts, the omission of which would make any statement in this Prospectus misleading.

We declared that the accounts of First Citizens Investment Services Limited have been prepared in accordance with *the Securities Act of Saint Lucia Chapter 12.18* and we accept responsibility for them.

Directors	Approved	Date
Anthony Isidore Smart	author Isidore Smont	May 03, 2022
David Inglefield	20 mins	May 03, 2022
Idrees Omardeen	Salves Tuandeen	May 03, 2022
Jayselle Mc Farlane		May 03, 2022
Karen Darbasie	Dan Opelan	May 03, 2022
Ryan Proudfoot		May 03, 2022
Sterling Frost	Quel	May 03, 2022
Troy Garcia	for	May 03, 2022

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#### 1. NOTICE TO INVESTORS

This Prospectus and its content are issued specifically for the First Citizens Investment Services Limited FIP Investment also referred to as Fixed Income Investments also referred to as Repurchase Agreements or Repos.

This Prospectus contains information to help you make an informed investment decision and to help you understand your rights. You are encouraged to read the prospectus in its entirety before making an investment decision in the repo.

If you are in doubt about the contents of this document or need financial or investment advice you should consult a person licensed under the Securities Act or any other duly qualified person who specializes in advising on debt instruments or other securities.

This prospectus and information therein relate to the offering by First Citizens Investment Services Limited (FCIS) of XCD500,000,000 and USD100,000,000 in Fixed Income Paper (FIP) Investments also referred to as Repurchase Agreements (or Repos).

This Prospectus is issued for the purpose of providing information to the public. This prospectus has been approved by the directors of FCIS and they accept responsibility both collectively and individually for the accuracy of the information given and confirm that, after having made all reasonable enquiries, and to the best of their knowledge and belief, there are no false or misleading statements or other facts, the omission of which would make any statement herein false or misleading.

The ultimate decision and responsibility to proceed with any transaction with respect to this repo rests solely with you. Therefore, prior to entering into the proposed investment, you should determine the economic risks and merits, as well as the legal, tax and accounting characteristics and consequences of this product offering and that you are able to assume those risks.

The information herein has been prepared to assist interested parties in making their own evaluation of the Repurchase Agreements and has been prepared given all available information at the time of registration of the Prospectus. Each recipient of this information and data should perform their own independent investigation and analysis of the investment options and of the credit worthiness of FCIS. The information and data contained herein are not a substitute for recipients' independent evaluation and analysis and is not intended to provide a totally sufficient basis for an investment decision.

The publication date is subject to the review and approval of this Prospectus by the Board of Commissioners of the Eastern Caribbean Securities Regulatory Commission on a date to be fixed once the Commission has granted its approval.

#### DISCLAIMER

The Prospectus has been drawn up in accordance with Regulation 4 and its accompanying Schedule (Form and Content) of Prospectus in the Securities (Prospectus) Regulations, 2001 and 2002, and has been filed with the Eastern Caribbean Securities Regulatory Commission (ECSRC) pursuant to, Section 92(3) of the Securities Act 2001.

The ECSRC accept no responsibility for the contents of this Prospectus, make no representations as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss whatsoever arising from or reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this Prospectus.

No underwriter has been involved in the distribution or performed any review of the contents of this Prospectus.

#### 2. FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Prospectus contains forward-looking statements, which are statements that are not based on historical facts or information, including, without limitation, statements regarding future financial position and results of operations, business strategy, budgets, projected costs and plans and objectives of management for future operations. These statements attempt to encompass FCIS beliefs and expectations and accordingly reflect FCIS current views with respect to future events. They are judgments, based on current plans, estimates and projections, and therefore, undue reliance should not be placed on them.

Forward-looking statements are future estimates and speak only as of the date they are made. The words, "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "plan", "estimate", "intends", "will", "may", "should", "forecast", "project" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. There is significant risk that these predictions and other forward-looking statements will not prove to be accurate. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, which could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed, projected or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information because it is possible that predictions, forecasts, projections, and other forms of forward-looking information will not be achieved by the issuer and historical results and market data are not indicative of future results and market prospects. By its nature, forward-looking information involves numerous assumptions, inherent risks and uncertainties.

Readers are also asked to carefully review the "Risk factors" section in this prospectus for a more complete discussion of the risks of an investment in FIP or Repos.

#### 3. GENERAL INFORMATION

Issuer: First Citizens Investment Services Limited

Offeror: First Citizens Investment Services Limited

**Registered Postal Address:** John Compton Highway

Sans Souci Castries Saint Lucia

2nd Floor, Lewis Pharmacy Building Corner of James and Middle Streets

Kinastown Saint Vincent

#17 Wainwright Street

St. Clair Port of Spain

Trinidad and Tobago

#46 Lady Hailes Avenue

San Fernando

Trinidad and Tobago

One Welches Welches St. Thomas Barbados

Email: invest@firstcitizensslu.com

**Telephone No.:** 1 (758) 450-2662

Facsimile No.: 1 (758) 451-7984

Directors:

Chairperson: Mr. Anthony Isidore Smart

> Mr. Troy Garcia - Non-Executive Mr. Idrees Omardeen - Non-Executive Mr. Ryan Proudfoot - Non-Executive Mr. David Inglefield - Non-Executive Ms. Jayselle Mc Farlane - Non-Executive Ms. Karen Darbasie - Executive

Mr. Sterling Frost - Executive

**Company Secretary:** Mrs. Lindi Ballah-Tull

#### **Operating Subsidiaries:**

First Citizens Brokerage and Advisory Services Limited

#17 Wainwright Street

St. Clair Port of Spain

Trinidad and Tobago

First Citizens Portfolio and Investment Management

Services Limited #17 Wainwright Street

St. Clair Port of Spain

Trinidad and Tobago

Board of Directors:

**Board of Directors:** 

Mr. Ryan Proudfoot

Mr. Jason Julien

Mr. Robin Lewis

Mr. Idrees Omardeen

Mr. Anthony Smart Mr. Ryan Proudfoot Ms. Karen Darbasie

Ms. Karen Darbasie - Executive Mr. Shiva Manraj - Executive

- Chairperson

- Executive

- Executive

- Chairperson

- Non-Executive

- Non-Executive

Auditors: PricewaterhouseCoopers

Chartered Accountants 11-13 Victoria Avenue

Port of Spain

Trinidad and Tobago
Tel: (868) 299-0700
Fax: (868) 623-6025
Website: www.pwc.com/tt

Management: Mr. Richard Look Kin, General Manager, FCIS

Mr. Sacha Syne, Assistant General Manager, FCIS Ms. Norlann Gabriel, Head, Regional Operations Mr. Omar Burch-Smith, Country Manager, Saint Lucia

Ms. Alma Richardson, Senior Operations Officer, Ag. St. Vincent

Date of Publication of Prospectus: June 10, 2022

LISTING OF PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE

**External Auditors:** PricewaterhouseCoopers

Chartered Accountants 11-13 Victoria Avenue

Port of Spain

Trinidad and Tobago
Tel: (868) 299-0700
Fax: (868) 623-6025
Website: <a href="https://www.pwc.com/tt">www.pwc.com/tt</a>

Management of FCIS: Mr. Richard Look Kin

General Manager

First Citizens Investment Services Limited

#17 Wainwright Street

St. Clair

Trinidad and Tobago

Mr. Sacha Syne

Assistant General Manager

First Citizens Investment Services Limited

#17 Wainwright Street

St. Clair

Trinidad and Tobago

#### 4. DETAILS OF THE ISSUE

FCIS proposes to issue repos in minimum amounts of XCD 5,000 and/or USD 10,000 for each repo for tenors ranging from overnight to seven hundred and thirty-four days in conformity with investor requests and agreements up to a total maximum offer amount of all repos issued of XCD 500 MM and USD 100 MM respectively over a period of one (1) year.

Use of Proceeds: Proceeds will be used to acquire additional Sovereign and Corporate

securities in the ordinary course of business and maintain the investment portfolio of the Eastern Caribbean operations as well as allow for growth in the repos book and business through increased availability of securities

to back client investments.

Fees and Expenses of the Offer: Total Gross proceeds of the Offer are expected to be XCD500 million and

> USD100 million. The total Net proceeds after deducting expenses related to the Offer are expected to be XCD 499.97 million and USD 100million.

**Underwriters and Guarantors:** There are no underwriters and guarantors to the offer.

Fee and Expenses of the Offer: Expenses related to the Offer would be Audit Fees for review of the

> prospectus. These fees are expected to be no more than XCD 28,511.00 All fees and expenses will be fully covered by FCIS and not the investor.

**Denominations:** Minimum FIP initial investment of XCD 5,000 OR USD 10,000 with no

minimum for increments/additional investments of XCD or USD.

**Currency:** Eastern Caribbean Dollars (XCD) and/or United States Dollars (USD)

The issue size will be:

Issue Size XCD 500MM

XCD Portfolio USD 100MM USD Portfolio

There can be varying investment dates.

Tenors and maturity dates:

Tenors: Maturity Dates: Minimum – overnight 24 hours from investment date Maximum - 734 days 2 years from investment date

If the maturity date of a Repo falls on a day that is not a Business Day, the maturity date shall be the first following day that is a Business Day.

#### **Underlying Security**

All Underlying securities that are the subject of repurchase agreements have either been approved for sale on the Regional Government Securities Market (RGSM) by the RDCC (Regional Debt Coordinating Committee) and subsequently listed on the trading platform of the ECSE as a public listing or a private placement; or are private or public issues registered in accordance with the securities laws and regulations in the jurisdictions in which these securities were issued.

The FCIS portfolio of underlying securities held for repos is not static and changes from time to time due to maturities, new purchases, sales etc. of existing securities, as FCIS manages its portfolios in the ordinary course of business.

Appendix IV shows a listing of securities held as at May 31st, 2022, which are specific to the Eastern Caribbean region. The profiles of major securities held by FCIS including the Eastern Caribbean region as well as the Americas are contained in the current portfolio which include the following:

Security Name	Currency	S&P/ Moody's/	Range of Maturity	
		CariCris Credit Rating	Dates by year	
Government of Saint Lucia	XCD or USD	None/None/CariBBB-	2022 to 2030	
Government of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	XCD or USD	None/B3/None	2023 to 2030	
Republic of Colombia	USD	BBB-/Baa2/None	2037	
Dominican Republic	USD	BB-/Ba3/None	2027 to 2028	
United Mexican States	USD	BBB/Baa1/None	2027 to 2040	
Government of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago	TTD or USD	BBB-/Ba1/CariAA+	2022 to 2031	
Republic of Uruguay	USD	BBB/Baa2/None	2036	
Government of Jamaica	USD	B+/B2/None	2028 to 2039	
Government of Antigua & Barbuda	XCD	None/None/None	2027	
Government of Romania	USD	BBB-/Baa3/None	2044	
HP Enterprise Co	USD	BB+/None/None	2045	

#### **Custody of Underlying Securities**

- 1) Underlying securities will not be used to cover short sales.
- 2) Underlying securities will not be subject to margin purchases where these are held by other brokers.
- 3) Underlying securities will not be otherwise pledged or used as collateral.
- 4) Underlying securities will be held in custody by FCIS during the life of the repurchase agreement.
- 5) There will be no transfer of the underlying security to the investor except as per bullet item 8below.
- 6) FCIS retains title to the underlying security and is the legal owner of the underlying security during the life of the Repo.
- 7) The underlying security of a repo will be assigned to the investor at the point of setting up the investment and record of that assignment will be maintained on FCIS's internal sub-ledger.
- 8) At the request of clients who meet the FCIS internal criteria, on signing the requisite FCIS Master Repos Agreement (MRA) the underlying security is transferred to the client's name. The FCIS criteria for MRA includes: a) Client meets FCIS counter party credit risk assessment standards; b) Investment must be on minimum XCD 1 Million or USD 1 Million; c) Minimum tenor must be 365 days.
- 9) FCIS monitors the market value of the underlying securities assigned to Repos for all investors to ensure that the market value of the underlying securities is not less than the investment amount of the Repos. In this way, the assignment of all underlying securities is accurately maintained and is in compliance with the terms of the Repo.

#### Determinants of the FIP/Repo Rates

The FIP/Repo rate varies from transaction to transaction depending on a number of factors chief of which would include:

- Quality of the underlying security the higher the credit rating or investment quality of the underlying security, the lower the Repo Rate as the investor has a high-quality underlying security assigned to their Repo.
- 2) Tenor/Term of the investment Repo the longer the term of the repo, the higher the Repo Rate as long as the interest rate curve for XCD or USD is a normal curve, that is, rates increase as maturity dates increase
- 3) Availability of the underlying security the greater the demand for an underlying security to be assigned to Repos, the lower the Repo Rate.
- 4) Prevailing market yields in the market Repo Rates will be set based on the current deposit and short-term rates being offered in the markets of Saint Lucia or St. Vincent and the Grenadines by the financial services companies for similar tenors as the duration of the Repo.

#### Repo Cost - Day Count Calculation

Unless otherwise agreed or stipulated, calculation of Repo cost is on the basis of Actual/365 days per year.

#### **Substitution of Underlying Security**

Repurchase agreements are investments where the underlying pledged/assigned security functions to collateralize the investment. They are generally backed by sovereign/corporate debt securities and are in effect short-term, security-backed, interest-bearing investments.

Repurchase Agreements are actual short-term security purchases. However, the buyer only has temporary ownership of the security up to the maturity date of the Repo. In the case of a default by FCIS, the repo investors may sell their underlying security.

Typically, FCIS retains title to the underlying security and is the legal owner of the underlying security during the life of the Repo. The underlying security of a repo will be assigned to the investor at the point of setting up the investment and record of that assignment will be maintained on FCIS's internal sub-ledger.

In the case of a default by the underlying asset, FCIS is obligated to automatically and immediately substitute the investor's security.

In accordance with the MRA, FCIS reserves the right to replace the original underlying securities, which have been pledged/assigned to the investor with similar collateral of equal or higher credit quality. The investor is then notified of any substitution of the original underlying security assigned to the Repo. The investor's rights regarding their investment in the repo is not impacted by any substitution of security, neither is the investor's return. As far as is reasonably possible, given the nature of and conditions related to the underlying securities for the Repo Portfolio, FCIS may seek to facilitate a customer's specific request in relation to the substitution of the underlying securities for a Repo.

The assignment of the new underlying security to the repo is recorded in FCIS's internal sub-ledger.

#### Therefore:

- Unless otherwise agreed between FCIS and investor, substitution of assets is only permitted by FCIS
  where the underlying security to be substituted is of equal or greater credit quality than the original
  underlying asset.
- Unless otherwise agreed between FCIS and the investor(s), where underlying securities are sold or no longer available, the new underlying security must be of equal or greater credit quality than the security that was sold.

The repo may be considered an asset of the investor. In theory, an investor could use a hypothetical asset as collateral against a debt obligation. However, this would be subject to the potential lender's requirements, their ability to gain comfort of attaining the proper assignment of the asset should the need to claim against the collateral arise, and more significantly, subject to any restrictions imposed by any laws, regulations and/or guidelines, etc. by the jurisdiction(s) of the lender.

Currently, the Repurchase Agreement Guidelines do **NOT** allow or provide for the use of repos to form part of a borrower's collateral against a debt obligation. Investors should be guided accordingly.

#### Margin Ratio

Margin Ratios shall be applied at the time a Repo transaction is entered. FCIS currently applies minimum Margin Ratios as are contained in Table I below. The FCIS minimum margin ratios were implemented in March 2016 and are in line with the Repurchase Agreement Guidelines issued by the ECSRC in November 2019.

The Margin Ratio provides the investor with protection as it ensures that at all times the market value of the underlying security assigned to a Repo is always greater than the investment amount, at a minimum by the Margin Ratio. When applying the margin ratio to an investment amount to determine the amount of face value of the underlying security to be assigned to a repo, the face value will be rounded up to the nearest multiple of 1,000.

The underlying securities in Repos shall be Mark-to-Market at minimum on a monthly basis. A decline in the market prices of the underlying securities can give rise to Margin Calls for FCIS, and FCIS will be required to add additional security to the Repo to meet the minimum Margin Ratio for the Repo. Unless the parties to the trade otherwise agree, Margin Calls in all Repo transactions shall be met with transfers of securities or cash. In the event that FCIS chooses to meet its Margin Calls with cash, such cash should not be used to change the terms of the trade such as the investment amount or amount due on Maturity date. In the event that FCIS chooses to meet its Margin Call with securities, this will be met with transfers of securities which are of equal or greater credit quality than the underlying security being used in the Repo.

Unless otherwise agreed all Margin calls shall be settled no later than three (3) business days following the date of the Margin call.

As an illustration, an investor places an investment amount in a Repo of XCD 100,000 for a period of 90 days at a Repo rate of 1.00%. The underlying security assigned to the Repo is a Government of Saint Lucia bond due to mature on 28 March 2024, which has a market price on the investment date of \$1.0218. Since the underlying security is a Sovereign issue with approximately 4 years of time remaining to maturity from the investment date, the Margin Ratio based on Table I will be 4%.

Therefore, the minimum market value of Government of Saint Lucia bond due on 28 March 2024 that will be assigned to the repo will be equal to 104% multiply by XCD 100,000 = XCD104,000 on investment date and will remain that value over the life of the Repo.

Since the price of the bond is \$1.0218, the repo will be assigned a face value of Government of Saint Lucia bond due on 28 March 2024 of XCD 104,000 divided by \$1.0218 which is equal to XCD 102,000 when the face value is rounded up to the nearest multiple of 1,000.

If 30 days has passed from the investment date, and the market price of the Government of Saint Lucia bond due 28 March 2024 is now \$1.0150 then the market value of the original assigned XCD 102,000 of face value is now worth XCD 102,000 multiply by 1.0150 which is equal to XCD 103,530. This market value divided by the original investment amount of XCD 100,000 is equal to 3.5%. While the market value of the underlying security assigned to the Repo is greater than the investment amount of XCD 100,000, the 3.5% is still less than the required margin ratio of 4%.

As such, FCIS will be required to increase the face value of the underlying security assigned to the repo to ensure the Margin ratio of 4% is maintained. A Margin call will originate from FCIS and the investor will be notified that there is a need for FCIS to assign/substitute additional security to the Repo, as required. FCIS will then assign XCD 104,000 divided by 1.0150 which is equal to XCD 103,000 of face value of the Government of Saint Lucia bond due to mature on 28 March 2024. This will require FCIS to assign an additional XCD 1,000 of face value of the underlying security to the Repo. A new written or electronic confirmation as shown in Appendix II will be issued to the investor showing the new face value assigned to the Repo.

TABLE 1

Minimum Margin Ratios for Individual Investors

Time remaining to Maturity of Underlying Security	Margins		
	Sovereign issues (%)	Other issues (%)	
Up to 1year	1	2	
Greater than 1 year less than 3 years	3	3	
Greater than 3 years less than 7 years	4	7	
Greater than 7 years less than 11 years	4.5	7.5	
Greater than 11 years	4.5-6.0	7.5-9.0	

#### Minimum Margin Requirements for Institutional Investors

For all issues, both sovereign and corporate, Institutional Investors will adhere to a minimum Margin requirement of 2%. As such, unless otherwise agreed, the Margin ratios specified in Table I will not apply but the market value of the underlying security assigned to the Repo of an Institutional investor will always be greater than the investment amount by 102% regardless of the underlying security.

#### **Transferability of Repos**

The Investor will not be able to transfer the Repo to another party.

#### Listing of the FIP/Repo Investment

The Repo will not be listed on any licensed securities exchange and no application has been made for such.

#### **Confirmation of Deals**

FCIS shall ensure that a written or electronic confirmation is issued no later than one (1) business day from the investment date. This confirmation shall include:

- the nominal amount of the underlying security, the coupon rate of the underlying security and the price at which the underlying security was effected;
- 2) details of the underlying security;
- 3) the Margin Ratio;
- 4) the investment date;
- 5) the investment amount;
- 6) the interest payment amount;
- 7) the Repo Rate;
- 8) the repayment amount; and
- 9) the maturity date;
- 10) the name and address of the Custodian of the underlying security and
- 11) the particulars on the rights of substitution

Each party to a Repo transaction shall ensure that any confirmations that are received are checked on the day of receipt and that any queries on the terms are immediately conveyed by the Repo Buyer to the Repo Seller.

A sample of the confirmation is shown in Appendix II.

#### **Maturity Date**

The repayment of investment amount and applicable interest/returns will be on the agreed maturity date except where pre-maturity of investment has been requested.

#### **Early Maturity Date**

If the Investor desires to terminate the repo prior to the maturity date (pre-maturity), the investor agrees-

- 1) that FCIS shall have the right to require fourteen (14) days' notice of such early termination; and
- 2) the Repo shall be subject to a reduced repo rate based on points (2) and (4) stated in the prior section "Determinants of the FIP/Repo rate" as the tenor of the Repo would be reduced from the original terms.

3) Early maturities less than 50% of the maturity period are subject to zero interest; early maturities greater than 50% of the maturity period will be subject to a 2% reduction on original repo interest rate

#### **Interest Payments**

The interest payments will be made at maturity date of Repo or at pre-approved intervals agreed at time of investment, in the currency of the Repo offered, that is, in Eastern Caribbean Dollars (XCD) or United States Dollars (USD). Interest will be calculated using the simple interest method as below:

Investment Amount multiplied by Repo Rate multiplied by (No. of days between Maturity Date or pre-approved interval date and Investment Date) divided by 365 unless another day count method has been agreed with the investor.

#### **Event of Default**

If FCIS fails to pay the repayment amount to the investor, and the investment has not been renewed for another tenor by FCIS, then the maturity date for the Repo shall be deemed immediately to occur and, the underlying securities shall be immediately deliverable to the investor.

In the event of default by FCIS, FCIS will transfer legal title of the underlying security that has been assigned to the repo to the investor by ensuring that the transfer of legal title has been executed through the Registrar for the underlying security. Once the transfer is executed, FCIS will no longer have any beneficial ownership of the underlying security.

**Paying Agent:** 

FCIS would calculate and effect all payments to be made on the maturity value of the Repo. No third-party Paying Agent has been appointed. Investments upon maturity would be paid by bank wire transfer or cash in Eastern Caribbean Dollars (XCD) or United States Dollars (USD) for this offer.

Arrangements for Payment, Timetable for Delivery of Securities, and Refunds: Investors would be advised of the amount of repos to be offered and shall deliver the investment amount to FCIS to create the Repo on investment date. The investment date of the Repo is the same day that the investment amount is received by FCIS. Assignment of security is completed simultaneously with the creation of the client's repos investment. Any funds received in excess of the investment amount would be returned or refunded within one (1) business day in the same currency, via the same payment method and to the same account of the investor unless instructed otherwise by the investor. Investors would receive interest from the investment date.

First Citizens will process the transfer of securities into the client's name where requested within 2-4 weeks however the date the transfer is effected would be dependent on and subject to any third party's processes i.e., depository, etc.

Offer Period:

The offer of securities would be open for a period of one (1) year from the Publication of this Prospectus.

#### 5. INFORMATION ABOUT FIRST CITIZENS INVESTMENT SERVICES LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

First Citizens Investment Services Limited (FCIS) and its subsidiaries, (formerly Caribbean Money Market Brokers Limited), is the largest full-service investment management house in the Caribbean. We provide clients with advisory services, wealth management services, structured investments, third-party portfolio and investment management, underwriting, capital market services, bond and equity trading, short-term secured fixed income investments, market commentary and analysis and brokerage services. We are licensed broker-dealers on the Trinidad and Tobago Stock Exchange, Barbados Stock Exchange and the Eastern Caribbean Securities Exchange.

FCIS, (formerly Caribbean Money Market Brokers Limited) was incorporated in the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago on June 15, 1999 and commenced operations in 2000. The company continued under the provisions of the Companies Act Chap 81:01 of the Revised Laws of Trinidad and Tobago and registered as External Company 2005/F006 in Saint Lucia under the provisions of the Companies Act 1995 Section 15 and External Company 117 of 2008 under the Companies Act 1994 of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines and as External Company 42754 of Companies Act, Cap. 308 2002 of Barbados. The objective of the Company is to act as a securities company and provide the full range of services offered by securities companies to its clients. FCIS is registered under section 51 of the Securities Act, 2012 (Chapter 83:02) (as amended) of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago and licensed to operate as a broker-dealer pursuant to section 47 of the Securities Act of Anguilla Chap S13, section 48 of the Securities Act No. 14 of 2001 of Antigua and Barbuda, Securities Act No. 21 of 2001 of the Commonwealth of Dominica, Securities Act No. 23 of 2001 of Grenada, Securities Act No. 4 of 2001 of Montserrat, Securities Act No. 12 of 2001 of St. Kitts and Nevis, Securities Act No. 21 of 2001 of Saint Lucia, Securities Act No. 29 of 2001 of St. Vincent and the Grenadines and section 46 of the Securities Act Cap 318A 2002 of Barbados.

FCIS is authorized to issue an unlimited number of ordinary shares of no-par value.

As at September 30, 2021, FCIS had outstanding 637,697 common shares which make up the issued share capital of TTD 637,697,000.00. FCIS has issued securities, not representing share capital, listed in Appendix III which have not been listed on any public stock exchanges but have been registered with the Trinidad and Tobago Securities Exchange Commission and the Eastern Caribbean Securities Regulatory Commission. FCIS has also issued repurchase agreements in Trinidad and Tobago, Barbados, Saint Lucia and St. Vincent and the Grenadines. The issuance of repurchase agreements in Trinidad and Tobago and Barbados are not required to be registered with the respective regulators. However, the repurchase agreements issued in Trinidad and Tobago are governed under the Repurchase Agreement Guidelines 2018 issued by the Trinidad and Tobago Securities and Exchange Commission. The issuance of repurchase agreements by FCIS in Saint Lucia and St. Vincent and the Grenadines has resulted in the registration of the Company with the Eastern Caribbean Securities Regulatory Commission as a reporting issuer. The repurchase agreements are issued in the Eastern Caribbean Securities Market pursuant to section 92(3) and section 97(3) of the Securities Act of Saint Lucia and the Securities Act of St. Vincent and the Grenadines.

Effective 2 February 2009, First Citizens Bank Limited (the Bank) assumed control of FCIS, (formerly Caribbean Money Market Brokers Limited). The Bank formally acquired 100% ownership of FCIS on 22 May 2009. FCIS (formerly Caribbean Money Market Brokers Limited) is therefore a member of the First Citizens Group, which is one of the leading full-scale financial services group in Trinidad & Tobago and the Caribbean region. FCIS provides a wide range of securities services such as brokerage services, wealth management, global investment solutions and bond trading. FCIS is wholly owned by First Citizens Bank Limited and is the key player in the securities business. The Bank has 100% voting rights in the Company.

FCIS has two wholly owned operating subsidiaries:

#### - First Citizens Brokerage and Advisory Services Limited

**FCBAS** is incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago and is registered as a broker-dealer under the Securities Act, 2012 (as amended) of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago. Its principal business includes trading in securities on the Trinidad and Tobago Stock Exchange ("TTSE") and such other business as is authorized under the Securities Act, 2012 (as amended).

#### - First Citizens Portfolio and Investment Management Services Limited

**FCPIMS** is incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago and is registered as an Investment Advisor under the Securities Act 2012 (as amended). It is incorporated as a limited liability company under the Companies Act under the laws of Trinidad and Tobago. Its principal business includes providing investment advice to third party asset management portfolios, including pension plan and mutual fund portfolios. The company's registered office is 17 Wainwright Street, St. Clair, Trinidad and Tobago.

In addition, FCIS has wholly owned non-operating subsidiaries:

#### - First Citizens Nominees Limited

is incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago. The company has no operations whose current account has a balance of approx. forty thousand Trinidad and Tobago dollars (TT\$ 40,000.00)

#### - CMMB Trincity Limited

is incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago. The company has no operations whose only significant asset is land with an approximate value of seven to eight million Trinidad and Tobago dollars (TT\$ 7,000,000.00 to TT\$ 8,000,000.00)

#### - First Citizens Investment Services (Barbados) Limited

is incorporated in Barbados. The company was deregistered as a Securities company from the Barbados Financial Services Commissions, effective 30th June 2019. The business operations were converted to a Branch of the parent company effective July 1st 2019 and consequently the net assets of the subsidiary were transferred to the parent, FCIS, whereby the parent will in effect redeem its investment in the subsidiary.

Based on the above, financial statements are not prepared for these non-operating subsidiaries whose holdings are not significant to the FCIS group.

FCIS registration details are:

Date & Place of Incorporation: 15th June 1999 in Trinidad and Tobago

- Date & Place of Registration: 27th June 2005 in Saint Lucia

15th September 2008 in St. Vincent & the Grenadines 1st July 2019 in Barbados as an external company

Registered Addresses: #17 Wainwright Street

St. Clair Port of Spain

Trinidad and Tobago

#46 Lady Hailes Avenue

San Fernando Trinidad and Tobago

John Compton Highway

Sans Souci Castries Saint Lucia

2nd Floor

Lewis Pharmacy Building

Corner of James and Middle Streets

Kingstown

Saint Vincent and the Grenadines

One Welches Welches St. Thomas Barbados

- Financial Year End: September 30th

FCIS has always been committed to developing the capital markets in the markets in which we operate. In this regard, we continue to be the thought leaders in the Caribbean through our various publications such as Caribbean Investment iQ, Equity Market Reports and Market Insights. We conduct investment management seminars throughout the year in all of the territories in which we do business. We also assist clients with capital and funding needs as we are licensed to underwrite, structure, market etc., bonds and other equity capital raising transactions.

#### 6. OVERVIEW OF PRINCIPAL ACITIVITIES

FCIS conducts a broad range of securities market activities throughout the member states of the ECCU. We currently have ECCU offices in St Lucia and St Vincent and the Grenadines. Other offices are located in Trinidad and Tobago and Barbados. Its principal activities are outlined as follows:

#### **Proprietary Portfolio Management**

FCIS manages a portfolio of fixed income securities for its own balance sheet to generate income and capital gains. The funding for the portfolio is obtained primarily from the sale of repurchase agreements with other funding coming from bank loans, issuance of private placement debt and other borrowing.

#### **Brokerage & Advisory Services**

FCIS provides brokerage and advisory services to governments and institutional clients to assist with balance sheet financing, mergers and acquisitions and other corporate finance activities.

#### **Wealth Management Services**

FCIS provides wealth management services to both individual and institutional clients offering financial advice and portfolio management products to help clients generate returns and manage risks in the markets. FCIS also offers secondary market trading in securities.

#### **Research and Analytics**

FCIS offers research publications to its clients.

#### **Freehold Properties**

FCIS owns one property in Saint Lucia which is located at as follows:

John Compton Highway San Souci Castries Saint Lucia

#### **Leasehold Properties**

The key details of all leased properties and these lease arrangements for FCIS are shown in the following table:

Location	Duration of Lease	Start Date	End Date
No. 17 Wainwright Street, St. Clair, Trinidad and Tobago	30 years	July, 2006	June, 2036
#46 Lady Hailes Avenue, San Fernando	3 years	October, 2020	September, 2023
One Welches, St. Thomas, Barbados	5 years	June, 2016	Renegotiating Lease
Kingstown, St. Vincent and the Grenadines	3 years	July, 2019	June, 2022

FCIS is dependent on patent, intellectual property rights and licenses that are listed in Appendix I.

FCIS through its parent, First Citizens Bank Limited (Bank) has entered in to a Liquidity Support Agreement (LSA) with the Government of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago (GORTT) which outlined certain financial assurances given by the GORTT to the Bank that provided for the indemnification of the Bank against various claims, losses or liabilities if incurred by FCIS within a stipulated period of time after the date of acquisition in relation to obligations existing or default on assets owned by FCIS at the date of the acquisition.

The LSA dated 15 May 2009 and made between the GORTT, the Central Bank of Trinidad and Tobago (CBTT) and the Bank provided that all reasonable claims by the Bank in respect of such losses were expected to be settled, once the Bank had made all reasonable efforts to recover or resist such claims, losses or liabilities. The Bank committed to reimburse FCIS for any losses incurred by FCIS against which the Bank has been indemnified.

Losses which are covered under the LSA include losses in respect of balances due from CL Financial Limited and its affiliates accruing from the date that CMMB was acquired by the Bank to the greater of the maturity date of the obligation or 6 years from the date of completion of the share transfer of CMMB to the Bank. The existing LSA has been renewed for an additional year commencing March 1, 2022. The LSA is renewed annually which is triggered when the Bank files a potential claim against the Government of the Republic of Trinidad & Tobago ("GORTT"). The GORTT may either pay the Bank or renew the LSA to extend the indemnification period. In a scenario where the LSA was not renewed, the GORTT would be legally obligated to cover the potential claim. The Bank's risk or exposure would be subject to the GORTT's ability to pay or to raise financing, domestically or internationally, to service the claim.

#### 7. RISK FACTORS

#### **RISK FACTORS SPECIFIC TO THE COMPANY**

FCIS business, financial condition, operating results and prospects could be materially and adversely affected if any of the risks described below occurs. Potential investors in the offer should carefully consider all the information in this Prospectus including the risk factors set forth below, which should be considered in conjunction with the "Outlook and Business Prospects" section of the Prospectus. If you are in doubt about the contents of this document or need financial or investment advice you should consult a person licensed under the Securities Act or any other duly qualified person who specializes in advising on debt instruments or other securities.

The following risk, compared to all the other risks identified below, poses the greatest threat that the investment may be lost in whole or part and not provide the stated return:

Adverse changes in the value of certain assets and liabilities could adversely impact FCIS business, results of operations earnings and financial condition

FCIS has a large portfolio of financial instruments which includes financial instruments measured at fair value in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The fair values of these financial instruments include adjustments for market liquidity, credit quality and other transaction-specific factors, where appropriate. Adverse sustained or material changes in the market price of the assets and liabilities held could similarly result in impairment or realized or unrealized losses. Any significant change in the market prices or values of the instruments held could materially adversely affect FCIS business, results of operations and financial condition.

Economic, social and political conditions in Trinidad and Tobago, Barbados, Saint Lucia and St. Vincent and the Grenadines may have an adverse effect on FCIS business, results of operations and financial condition

FCIS has operations located in Trinidad and Tobago, Barbados, Saint Lucia and St. Vincent and the Grenadines, and a substantial part of its operations, properties and most of its customers are in Trinidad and Tobago. FCIS also has exposure to the international economies such as the United States and Europe. As a result, its business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects are currently materially dependent upon economic, political and other conditions and developments in these countries. The quality of FCIS assets and its overall financial performance are consequently closely linked to the economic conditions in these countries. Any slowdown or contraction affecting the economies, whether or not part of a more global economic downward trend or dislocations, could negatively affect the ability of the investments to generate a positive return.

Climate change risk and the effect on repos where the underlying securities are issued by the governments of member states of the ECCU

The FCIS Group has operations in four countries of Trinidad & Tobago, Saint Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines and Barbados The FCIS Group has operations in four countries of Trinidad & Tobago, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines and Barbados. As at December 31 2021, FCIS total investment portfolio on its balance sheet stood at the equivalent of US\$1billion. The EC\$ investment portfolio was EC\$343million which represents 12.86% of FCIS total investment portfolio. Our exposure to Government of St. Lucia and Government of St. Vincent as at December 31 2021 was USD110.9M representing 11.05% and USD\$35.8M representing 3.57% of our total investment portfolio. The balance of our investment portfolio is invested across a wide number of 20 countries. Therefore, we manage our investment portfolio to be diversified in terms of credit risks and to maintain an average investment grade rating. The annual Investment Policy Statement (IPS) of FCIS documents

the risk appetite and limits across assets classes, currencies, sectors and countries and once the IPS is approved, the risks of the investment portfolio are monitored and reported to the Board on a monthly basis.

It must be noted that the FCIS Group capital as at December 31 2021 was the equivalent of US\$241.6million (assuming capital refers to total shareholders' equity) with a capital adequacy of 10 based on Basel 11. We are confident that this capital is adequate to withstand economic risks of our investment portfolio. Our rigid investment and risk management processes ensures that the capital adequacy is continuously reviewed to assess our ability to absorb significant credit and market risk losses.

If there is a significant economic loss for Government of Saint Lucia and St. Vincent due to risks including climate change risk, FCIS may utilize its excess capital and provide liquidity and capital to the EC\$ portfolio in the form of US\$ cash or bonds.

#### FCIS faces intense competition from banks and securities firms

FCIS faces significant competition in substantially all areas of its operations from domestic competitors and local subsidiaries and branches of leading international banks.

Any failure by FCIS to compete effectively with existing and future market participants may have a material adverse effect on its business, results of operations, financial condition or prospects.

### FCIS is subject to fluctuations in interest rates and foreign exchange rates, which could negatively affect its financial performance in future fiscal years or periods

FCIS profitability is dependent, to a large extent, on its net interest income, which is the difference between interest income received on investments and interest expense paid to clients. Interest rate risk arises primarily from timing differences in the duration or re-pricing of FCIS assets and liabilities. FCIS investment portfolio can suffer losses as a result of increases in domestic and U.S. dollar interest rates, as increases in interest rates result in lower market valuation of fixed income securities in its investment portfolio. Any of these events could adversely affect FCIS results of operations or financial condition.

FCIS faces exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates arising from holding financial assets in currencies other than those in which financial liabilities are expected to settle. FCIS actively seeks to manage its balance sheet positions to minimize exposure to a mismatch between foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

### FCIS businesses have been and may continue to be adversely affected by changes in the levels of market volatility

FCIS engages in trading operations for its own account and for the accounts of its customers. However, in order to increase its non-interest income and to respond to the needs of some customers, it intends to further develop its trading operations in the areas of debt securities, money market securities, foreign exchange transactions and, to a lesser extent, equity securities. The future success of FCIS existing and planned trading businesses will depend on market volatility to provide trading opportunities. Decreases in volatility may reduce these opportunities and adversely affect the results of these business lines. On the other hand, increased volatility, while it can increase trading opportunities, also increases risk and may expose FCIS to increased risks in connection with its trading operations or cause FCIS to reduce the size of these operations in order to avoid increasing its risk. In periods when volatility is increasing, but asset values are declining significantly, it may not be able to sell assets at all or it may only be able to do so at steep discounts to the prices it was paid for, and at which it values, those assets. In such circumstances FCIS may be forced to either take on additional risk or to incur losses in order to decrease its risk.

#### FCIS may incur losses as a result of ineffective risk management processes and strategies

FCIS seeks to monitor and control its risk exposure through a risk and control framework encompassing a variety of separate but complementary financial, credit, market, operational, compliance and legal reporting systems, internal controls, management review processes and other mechanisms. While FCIS employs a broad and diversified set of risk monitoring and risk mitigation techniques, those techniques and the judgments that accompany their application cannot anticipate every economic and financial outcome or the specifics and timing of such outcomes. FCIS faces numerous risks in making investments, including risks with respect to the period of time over which the investment may be repaid, risks resulting from changes in economic and industry conditions, risks inherent in dealing with individual borrowers and risks resulting from uncertainties as to the future value of

collateral. Due to sovereign fixed income exposure in the Eastern Caribbean territories FCIS is susceptible to emerging market credit risk that may adversely affect financial performance.

Although FCIS attempts to minimize its credit risk through credit policies, procedures, practices and audit functions, it cannot assure that these policies and procedures are adequate or that they will appropriately adapt to any new markets. Any failure by FCIS to effectively implement and follow its risk management procedures may result in higher risk exposures which could materially affect its business, results of operations and financial condition. Thus, it may, in the course of its activities, incur losses. Market conditions in recent years have involved unprecedented dislocations and highlight the limitations inherent in using historical data to manage risk.

FCIS trading operations are subject to material risks inherent in trading activities. FCIS has established control procedures and risk management policies in connection with its trading operations with a view to managing these risks. However, its procedures and policies might not be appropriately designed to prevent its results of operations and financial condition from being materially and adversely affected by movements and volatility in market prices for securities and in foreign currency exchange rates. In addition, its procedures and policies may not be sufficient to prevent its traders from entering in to unauthorized transactions that have the potential to damage its financial condition. Accordingly, FCIS cannot assure that it will achieve its objectives with respect to its trading operations or that these trading operations will not negatively affect its results of operations and financial condition in future periods.

### FCIS investing businesses may be adversely affected by the poor investment performance of its investment products

Poor investment returns in FCIS asset management business, due to either general market conditions or under performance (measured against the performance of benchmarks or of its competitors) by funds or accounts that FCIS manages, affects its ability to retain existing assets and to attract new clients or additional assets from existing clients. This could adversely affect the asset management fees that are earned on assets under management or the commissions that FCIS earns for selling other investment products or from its brokerage activities.

### Changes in accounting standards or inaccurate estimates or assumptions in the application of accounting policies could adversely affect its financial results.

FCIS accounting policies and methods are fundamental to how it records and reports its financial condition and results of operations. Some of these policies require use of estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported value of its assets or liabilities and financial results and are critical because they require management to make difficult subjective and complex judgments about matters that are inherently uncertain. Accounting standard setters and those who interpret the accounting standards, the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC), as well as regulators whom may amend or even reverse their previous interpretations or positions on how accounting standards should be applied. These changes can be hard to predict and can materially impact how FCIS records and reports its financial condition and results of operations.

#### FCIS future success will depend, to a degree, upon its ability to implement and use new technologies

The financial services industry is undergoing rapid technological change, with frequent introductions of new technology-driven services and products. In addition to improving the ability to serve customers, the effective use of technology increases efficiency and enables financial institutions to reduce costs. FCIS future success will depend, in part, upon its ability to address the needs of its customers by using technology to provide services and products that will satisfy customer demands for convenience, as well as to create additional efficiencies in its operations. FCIS may not be able to effectively implement new technology-driven services and products or be successful in marketing these services and products to its customers.

Any failure in the operation, or breach in security, of FCIS computer systems may undermine customer confidence or give rise to liability, which would, in turn, adversely affect its business, results of operation, financial condition and prospects

FCIS businesses are highly dependent on its ability to process and monitor, on a daily basis, a very large number of transactions. The computer systems and network infrastructure used by FCIS could be vulnerable to unforeseen problems. FCIS operations are dependent upon its ability to protect its systems against damage from fire, power loss, telecommunications failure or a similar catastrophic event. FCIS financial, account, data processing or other operating systems and facilities may fail to operate properly or become disabled as a result of events that are wholly or partially beyond its control, such as a spike in transaction volume or unforeseen catastrophic events, adversely affecting its ability to process these transactions or provide these services. Any damage or failure that causes an interruption in its operations could have an adverse effect on its financial condition and results of operations.

In addition, FCIS operations are dependent upon its ability to protect its computer systems and network infrastructure against damage from physical break-ins, security breaches and other disruptive problems. FCIS computer systems, software and networks may be vulnerable to unauthorized access, computer viruses or other malicious code, and other events that could have a security impact.

### FCIS is dependent upon members of its senior management, and the loss of their services could have an adverse effect on FCIS operations

FCIS success depends, to a significant extent, upon the performance of members of its senior management, including its General Manager, Assistant General Manager and Country Managers. The loss of the services of members of its senior management could have an adverse effect on FCIS business. FCIS cannot assure that it will be successful in retaining their services. If FCIS is unable to retain its key personnel and retain and attract experienced executive officers, it may not be able to implement its strategies and, accordingly, its business, results of operations, financial condition or prospects may be negatively affected.

### FCIS is subject to income taxation in various jurisdictions which could have a material impact on FCIS financial results

FCIS is subject to income tax in various jurisdictions. Management judgment is required in determining provisions for income taxes and there are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. These judgments are often complex and subjective. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made and can materially impact the financial results of FCIS.

#### FCIS is faced with COVID-19 Risk

The introduction of COVID-19 pandemic into the region during 2020, more specifically during the second quarter did have an effect on the market prices of securities. It was observed that the prices of assets and liabilities fluctuated drastically in the short term. More recently since May 2020, prices of some assets have recovered while others have lagged. In Section 10 below, Outlook and Business Prospects, the effect on specific countries and their economies is further mentioned. From an FCIS perspective, during mid-March 2020, several asset classes saw a major decline in prices when it became evident that the COVID-19 pandemic would lead to a significant reduction in economic activity. This included the portfolio of sovereign and corporate Eurobonds held by FCIS. The volatility lasted until mid-April 2020, when prices began to recover. The non-Eurobond portfolio also experienced price declines, but not to the extent of the Eurobond portfolio. The market and credit risks associated with COVID-19 existed before but were amplified based on the heightened market volatility and uncertainty and the manner in which different regions, countries and their economies would be affected.

#### OTHER RISK FACTORS

#### FCIS is subject to regulation by Government regulatory authorities

FCIS is subject to regulation in the countries in which it operates. FCIS has little control over the regulatory structure, which governs, among others, the following aspects of its operations:

- minimum capital requirements;
- restrictions on funding sources:
- lending limits and other credit restrictions;
- periodic reports; and
- securities registration requirements.

The regulatory structure in jurisdictions where FCIS is located are continuously evolving. Existing laws and regulations could be amended, the manner in which laws and regulations are enforced or interpreted could change, and new laws or regulations could be adopted. Changes in regulation could materially adversely affect its business, results of operations, financial condition or prospects.

#### **RISK FACTORS SPECIFIC TO THE OFFER**

The risks highlighted below represent the principal risk inherent in the repo. Each of the risks highlighted below could have a material adverse effect on the investor's business, operations, financial conditions or prospects. Because of these risk factors, Repos may not be suitable for all investors. If you are in doubt about the contents of this document or need financial or investment advice you should consult a person licensed under the Securities Act or any other duly qualified person who specializes in advising on debt instruments or other securities.

The value of any underlying securities purchased or sold in connection with a Repo may vary significantly from time to time and may be influenced by many factors including changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, default rates, operational or financial conditions of companies, regulatory changes, general market events, world events and other factors. Prior to entering in to any such transaction, the investor should determine, with the help of investment, legal, tax, regulatory and accounting advisors, the economic risks and merits, as well as the legal, tax, regulatory and accounting characteristics and consequences, of the Repo.

The investor is exposed to interest rate risk, credit risk, counter party risk, liquidity risk and foreign exchange risk arising from the Repo.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The investor is exposed to interest rate risk through the effect of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of interest rate which may result in changes in the fair value of the underlying security associated with the Repo.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss of principal or loss of interest stemming from FCIS failure to meet a contractual obligation. The investor faces the risk of loss in the event that FCIS defaults on its financial obligations under the terms of the Repo. In the event of a default by FCIS the investor faces the risk of loss in the event that the underlying security associated with the repo fails to meet its obligations as specified in the terms and conditions of the underlying security. The investor's credit exposure at any time is equivalent to the amount invested plus accrued interest. This exposure is offset by the market value of the underlying security (plus additional margin) identified in the Repo.

#### Counterparty Risk

Counter party risk is the risk to each party of a contract that the counterparty will not adhere to its contractual obligations in the specified timeframes. The investor faces the risk of loss in the event that FCIS fails to adhere to its contractual obligations over the life of the Repo.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk stemming from the lack of marketability of an investment that cannot be bought or sold in a timely manner to prevent or minimize a financial loss. The investor faces this risk of loss in the event that FCIS defaults on its financial obligations under the terms of the Repo.

FCIS would be the sole determinant of the fair market value of the underlying security as specified in the Repo. FCIS may determine the fair market value by asking for quotations from brokers or FCIS can employ the use of an internal valuation for the purposes of determining the fair market value.

#### Foreign Exchange Risk

There will be Repos denominated in USD. The investor may be exposed to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates if he/she chooses to convert the interest and principal payments from USD to another currency. An appreciation of the USD relative to the converted currency may result in an increase in value to the investor, whereas a depreciation of the USD relative to the converted currency may result in a decrease in value to the investor.

#### **LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

FCIS and its subsidiaries are not involved in any litigation or other legal or regulatory proceedings, the outcome of which would, individually, or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on FCIS. FCIS was involved (as the defendant) in one (1) legal proceeding in the ordinary course of business as previously reported in the prior year prospectus. This matter was concluded in 2020.

### 8. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEPMBER 30, 2021

#### **Performance Overview**

First Citizens Investment Services Limited had another year of strong financial performance for the financial year ended 30 September 2021. Profit after tax was XCD68.61 million, an increase of XCD7.31 million, representing an 11.9% rise year on year. This improved performance resulted from higher fees and commissions earned from third party funds under management, dividends earned on the investment in Barita Investment Limited shares and impairment gains on financial assets. The FCIS Group shareholder's equity remained solid at XCD0.65 billion as at year ended September 2021.

#### **Review of Financial Performance**

Net Interest Income

Net Interest Income totalled XCD65 million for the year, compared to XCD68 million for the prior year. This 4% decrease was driven by portfolio rebalancing and a reduction in the fixed income investment portfolio, utilization of USD liquidity into equity investments and overall lower yields. Offsetting this was a 20% reduction in interest expense due to the reduction in borrowings and repo balances.

#### Fees & Commission Income

Fees and commission increased by XCD11.6 million and was due to higher management fees earned as a result of an increase in third party funds under management.

#### Trading Income

Trading income increased by XCD1 million which resulted from realized gains as the fixed income portfolio was rebalanced.

#### Net foreign exchange loss/gain

There was a XCD0.8 million foreign exchange loss compared to a gain of XCD0.4 million in 2020. This was mainly due to realized and unrealized losses incurred on transaction settlement and balance sheet movements.

#### Other income

Other income increased to XCD5.1 million in 2021 due to dividend income earned on the Barita Investments shares.

#### Administrative and Operating expenses

Total overhead expenses increased by XCD6.3 million in 2021. The main factors contributing to this increase were the depreciation incurred on the completion of system upgrades, accelerated depreciation charges, renegotiated service level agreement expenses and consultancy costs.

#### Impairment Gain/Loss

Net impairment on financial assets moved from a write off in 2020 of XCD0.6 million to a write back of XCD5.2 million in 2021. This was mainly due to IFRS 9 ECL provision write backs which resulted from favourable forward looking outlooks on sovereign and corporate issuers along with ECL reductions on securities which were sold off.

#### **Investment Securities**

Total investment securities were XCD2.7 billion at 30 September 2021, compared to the prior year of XCD2.9 billion. This decline of XCD217.9 million was due to maturities and net disposals of securities of XCD246.5 million offset by a positive fair value movement of XCD26.6 million.

#### Borrowings

Borrowings decreased by XCD176.7 million from XCD0.8 billion in 2020 to XCD0.6 billion in 2021. This decline was the result of the early closure of a Total Return Swap facility as well as the maturity and repayment of a US\$ medium term note issued in Trinidad.

#### Securities Under Repurchase Agreements (Repos)

The net repo position moved from XCD1,548 million as at September 2020 to XCD1,332 million at the year ended 30 September 2021 representing net movements in maturities and additions.

#### Loan from Parent Company

The loan with the Parent Company reflected a net increase year on year of XCD37.4 million. As at 30 September 2021 the drawn down amount was XCD104.1 million which represented an unsecured short term US facility approved for XCD106.3 million and a line of approved credit for XCD66.4 million respectively.

#### Shareholders' Equity

Shareholders' equity stood at XCD0.65 billion as at 30 September 2021 which represented an increase of XCD56.4 million. This net increase is the net result of an increase in fair value reserves of XCD18.6 million, a dividend payment of XCD31 million, along with current period Profit after Tax of XCD68.6 million.

Fiscal Year	Dividend Amount	Payout
End	(XCD)	Ratio
2012	\$15,379,510.72	40%
2013	\$22,961,467.54	55%
2014	\$25,334,321.72	55%
2015	\$26,498,316.21	55%
2016	\$21,714,366.87	55%
2017	\$21,028,700.45	55%
2018	\$21,698,194.12	55%
2019	\$32,435,561.05	50%
2020	\$30,971,364.83	51%

#### 9. FCIS CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT

#### 10. APPENDICES

The following includes the various Appendices highlighted in the Table of Contents:

#### Appendix I

DEPENDENCE OF THE ISSUER ON PATENTS OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

#### Appendix II

FORM OF CONFIRMATION

#### Appendix III

LIST OF ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING SECURITIES

#### Appendix IV

LIST OF SCURITIES HELD FOR REPOS AS AT DECEMBER 31 2021

#### Appendix V

FCIS CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2019, 2020 AND 2021

#### Appendix VI

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FCIS BARBADOS 2019

#### **Appendix VII**

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FCBAS 2019, 2020 AND 2021

#### **Appendix VIII**

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FCPIMS FOR 2019, 2020 AND 2021

#### Appendix IX

FORM OF DRAFT MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT

Annex 1

Annex 2

#### 11. ISSUER'S ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT

#### The following are the profiles for the Chairman and Directors of FCIS:

#### Mr. Anthony Isidore Smart (Chairman)

Mr. Smart is an Attorney-at-Law who has been in private practice for 47 years, 30 of which he has led the law firm of Gittens, Smart & Company. During the period March 1989 to November 1991 he served as Attorney General of Trinidad and Tobago. He was Minister in the Office of the Attorney General, Minister in the Office of the Prime Minister and Chief Whip in the House of Representatives from July 1989 to February 1991. He was also the Deputy Speaker of the House of Representatives in the Parliament of Trinidad and Tobago from January 1987 to June 1987 and was an elected member of the House of Representatives from December 1986 to November 1991.

Mr. Smart was a tutor in family law at the Hugh Wooding Law School in the 1970s and was personally responsible for drafting the Code of Ethics for Ministers and Members of Parliament which was laid in the House of Representatives in 1988.

Mr. Smart graduated from the University of Toronto, Canada with a Bachelor of Arts (General) majoring in Economics. He also completed Solicitors' Qualifying Examinations Parts I and II (1970 and 1971) from the College of Law, Surrey, England.

He also served as Executive Chairman of First Citizens Bank Limited from December 4, 2014 to April 7, 2015.

He was inducted into the Fatima College Hall of Achievement for Public Service in 2015.

#### Ms. Karen Darbasie (Director)

Ms. Karen Darbasie was appointed Group Chief Executive Officer at First Citizens in April 2015. She holds a Bachelor of Science (BSc) Honours degree in Electrical Engineering from the University of the West Indies, a Masters of Science with distinction in Telecommunications and Information Systems from University of Essex, England and a Master of Business Administration with distinction from University of Warwick, England.

Prior to her appointment at First Citizens, Ms. Darbasie held the post of Managing Director of the Merchant Bank, Country Treasurer and Markets head at the local subsidiary of a multinational bank. Ms. Darbasie serves as a Director on several Subsidiary Boards within the First Citizens Group. A former Director of the Board of the American Chamber of Commerce of Trinidad and Tobago (AMCHAM) and Saint Lucia Electricity Services Limited (LUCILEC) she currently serves as a member of the Board of Directors of The Energy Chamber of Trinidad and Tobago. Her most recent appointment as President of the Bankers Association of Trinidad and Tobago has afforded her the opportunity to deepen her service to the industry with her proven brand of excellence.

#### **Professor Sterling Frost (Director)**

Professor Frost joined First Citizens on June 22nd 2016 as the Deputy Chief Executive Officer, Operations and Administration. He provides strategic leadership for several functional areas of the First Citizens Group including Information Communication Technology, Systems and Procedures, Shared Services, Project Management, Facilities Management, Security Services, Legal, Compliance and Governance, Corporate Communications and Marketing, Procurement and Vendor Management and Human Resources. Professor Frost has over 25 years of experience in different aspects of banking, both locally and internationally, with outstanding academic and research qualifications in banking and human resource management. His academic qualifications include a Master of Business Administration from the University of the West Indies and a Doctorate in Business Management (UWI). Professor Frost is a firm believer in the need to nurture and develop human capital and has, for over 12 years, been an adjunct Lecturer of Organizational Behaviour and Development at the University of the West Indies for both the undergraduate and post graduate programmes.

#### Mr. Ryan Proudfoot (Director)

Mr. Proudfoot holds a Bachelor of Arts degree (with Hons) in Accounting from the University of Kent at Canterbury, UK and a Masters of Business Administration in International Management from the University of Exeter, UK.

Mr. Proudfoot is the majority shareholder of Total Office Limited, a Trinidadian based commercial office products provider with subsidiaries in Barbados, and operations in eight other southern Caribbean countries.

Prior to this, Mr. Proudfoot had a highly successful career in banking, holding the position of General Manager, BNB Treasury with Barbados National Bank Inc. (a subsidiary of Republic Bank Limited). He joined BNB after serving as Business Head and Vice President of Citicorp Merchant Bank Limited (Barbados Branch) where he was responsible for the re-establishment of Citibank in Barbados. Mr. Proudfoot started his career at Citibank Trinidad as a Relationship Manager in the Corporate Bank where he served for five (5) years before moving to live in Barbados.

He was appointed to the Board of First Citizens Bank Limited on July 3, 2014 and subsequently as Chairman of the Board of First Citizens Brokerage and Advisory Services Limited, and a Director on the Boards of First Citizens Investment Services Limited, First Citizens Bank (Barbados) Limited and First Citizens Portfolio and Investment Management Services Limited.

#### Mr. Troy Garcia (Director)

Troy Garcia holds a Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration from Stetson University, Florida, USA.

With over 23 years of experience and success in the fields of business and entrepreneurship, he is the Chief Executive Officer of Parts World Limited, Director of United Bearings and Equipment Agencies, Managing Director of High Performance Coatings and Honorary Consul General of Finland for Trinidad and Tobago.

Mr. Garcia was appointed to the Board of First Citizens Bank Limited on June 16, 2016 and subsequently to the Boards of First Citizens Investment Services Limited and First Citizens Depository Services Limited.

#### Mr. Idrees Omardeen (Director)

Mr. Idrees Omardeen graduated from Presentation College San Fernando in 1989. He became a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants ("ACCA") in 2004, five years after which, his expertise and exceptional performance in the field granted him Fellow Membership Status within the Association. With a keen eye for management, Mr. Omardeen operates the Omardeen School of Accountancy Limited, a family owned business. Here Mr. Omardeen devotedly lectures all levels of accounting - from entry level to professional level while simultaneously liaising with stakeholders and planning, designing and implementing improvements to the facility.

Mr. Omardeen has recently started a new venture, or as he puts it – adventure, in the making of the finest blend of coffees for export and local consumption.

Mr. Omardeen was appointed as a Director of First Citizens Bank Limited on June 17, 2016 and subsequently as a Director on the Boards of First Citizens Investment Services Limited, First Citizens Depository Services Limited and First Citizens Brokerage and Advisory Services Limited.

#### Mr. David Inglefield (Director)

Mr. David G Inglefield's business career has spanned 46 years in T&T, Suriname, Guyana, Barbados and the USA. Beginning in 1969 at Trinity Advertising Ltd, he became Managing Director in 1978 and in 1981 acquired and merged the business with Corbin Compton Caribbean, a major international agency in the Region. He was appointed CEO of Corbin Compton in 1982 until he resigned in 1993 and founded Inglefield, Ogilvy & Mather Caribbean Ltd.

Recognized as one of the leaders in the Caribbean on Strategic Business and Brand Development, in October 2003, he brought his considerable knowledge and experience to the ANSA McAL Group as a Parent Board Director and member of the Group's Executive Committee. As Group Marketing Director, he played a decisive role in the acquisition of the Bryden's Business Group in Barbados and its successful integration into the Group's distribution business in Barbados.

During the period 2005 to 2015, Mr. Inglefield served in various capacities within the ANSA McAL Group including Group's Distribution Sector Head. In 2007 he was appointed President/CEO of ANSA McAL (Barbados) Ltd with responsibility for approximately two billion dollars of assets under management returning to T&T in 2011, he took up the position of Sector Head Executive Chairmen of Guardian Media Limited as well as Chairman of the four operating companies in the ANSA McAL Group's Services & Retail Sectors.

Mr. Inglefield retired from the ANSA McAL Group in June 2015 and is now an active business consultant to major businesses in the State and Private Sector, including the 'heavy' Manufacturing and Petrochemical Sectors. He also retains a consultancy role to the ANSA McAL Group.

He was appointed a Director of the Board of Trinidad Cement Limited (Cemex) and a member of the Board Audit and Governance Committees in 2016. Mr. Inglefield was appointed Chairman of the TCL Group in October 2019.

He also serves as a Board member of First Citizens Bank Limited, a Director of First Citizens Trustee Services Limited, First Citizens Investment Services Limited, and First Citizens Bank (Barbados) Limited and serves on First Citizens Group HR and Audit Committee.

He is also the Chairman and a Director of Ogilvy Caribbean Limited.

#### Ms. Jayselle Mc Farlane (Director)

Ms. Jayselle Mc Farlane's career as a consultant emanated from over 23 years of diverse experience within leading international/multinational companies. She is a Chartered Accountant with an ACCA Designation and is currently completing her MBA with Heriot Watt. Additionally, Ms. McFarlane is currently pursuing the Forensic Certified Public Accountant Qualification at Caribbean Institute of Forensic Accounting [CFA]

As a Chartered Accountant, she was able to hold the offices of Finance Analyst, Financial Controller and Corporate Secretary within various fields. Ms. Mc Farlane gained valuable experience in diverse kinds of industries such as financial services, construction, hospitality and manufacturing.

She was appointed to the Board of First Citizens Bank Limited as a Director on June 16, 2016 and subsequently as Deputy Chairperson on the Board of First Citizens Asset Management Limited and as a Director on the Boards of First Citizens Holdings Limited and First Citizens Investment Services Limited.

#### The following are the profiles for the Senior Management of the Company:

#### Mr. Richard Look Kin (General Manager)

Mr. Look Kin was appointed General Manager on October 1, 2020 and previously held the position of Group Chief Risk Officer for the First Citizens Group. He has over 20 years of banking, finance and risk management experience gained at regional and multinational financial services firms. Mr. Look Kin has a Bachelor of Commerce from the University of Toronto and a Masters of Business Administration (with distinction) from Heriot-Watt University. He is a CFA Charter holder and also holds the Professional Risk Manager (PRM) designation.

#### Mr. Sacha Syne (Assistant General Manager)

Mr. Syne was appointed in December 2019, as the Assistant General Manager of First Citizens Investment Services. Prior, he held positions of Head of Capital Markets and Head of Government Business within the First Citizens Corporate and Investment Banking Department where he had the overall responsibility of the origination, structuring, documentation, syndication and execution strategy of all capital market and Government related transactions for the First Citizens Group. He has 10 years of combined experience including trading and advising clients on investments across the major asset classes including equities, bonds, currencies, commodities. Mr. Syne has a Bachelor's in Business Administration from the University of New Brunswick and a Master's of Science in Financial Management from the University of London.

#### Ms. Xoceketzal Abbey Mohammed (Head, Portfolio and Investment Management Services)

Ms. Mohammed has over a decade of experience in the financial services sector, both locally and internationally. She holds the position of Head - Portfolio and Investment Management Services. Ms. Mohammed has a Bachelor of Commerce Degree (with Honours) in Economics from the University of Guelph, Canada, ACCA and an MBA (with Distinction) from Heriot-Watt University.

#### Mr. Daniel Youssef (Head, Wealth Management)

Mr. Youssef joined FCIS in January 2011 and currently holds the position of Head of Wealth Management. His responsibilities include leading all the Investment Advisory and Business Development activities of the company. Mr. Youssef holds a Masters of Business Administration (with distinction) from Heriot Watt University in the U.K. and a Bachelor of Arts degree in International Business Administration (with honors) from the University of Lincoln, U.K.

#### Mr. Greg Ferreira (Head, Proprietary Portfolio Management)

Mr. Ferreira joined FCIS in August 2017andcurrentlyholdsthepositionofHeadofProprietary Portfolio Management. Previously, he held the position of Senior Manager – Investment Management within First Citizens Asset Management Limited. Mr. Ferreira has over fifteen years' experience within the Investment and Portfolio Management field. Mr. Ferreira is a CFA Charter holder and holds a Bachelor's of Science degree in Management with a Finance minor (First Class Honours) from the University of the West Indies.

#### Mrs. Norlann Gabriel (Head, Regional Operations)

Ms. Gabriel joined FCIS in 2010 and has functioned in a leadership capacity in every regional unit of FCIS where her responsibilities included business development and strategic execution in the Eastern Caribbean and Barbados capital markets. Previously to that she was a Finance Business Manager at a Fortune 500 company in Dallas Texas with responsibilities in Operations Planning and Analysis, Mergers and Acquisitions, Strategic Financial Planning and Analysis, Labor Financial Analysis, Budgeting and Forecasting planning and analysis, mergers and acquisitions, budgeting and forecasting. She holds a BBA in Finance with a concentration in Economics from Midwestern State University and an MBA in Finance from the University of NTexas. She currently holds the position of Head of Regional Operations.

#### Ms. Alma Richardson (Senior Operations Officer(Aq), St. Vincent and the Grenadines)

Ms Alma Richardson holds a Bachelor's Degree in Management Studies from the University of the West Indies. She is currently the Senior Operations Officer (Ag) of First Citizens Investment Services, St. Vincent and the Grenadines. Prior to her joining FCIS, Ms. Richardson worked as an Executive Secretary at the Eastern Caribbean Securities Exchange. Ms. Richardson has experience in the financial sector, having worked in the same since 1987.

#### Mr. Omar Burch-Smith (Country Manager, Saint Lucia)

Mr. Omar Burch-Smith holds a Bachelor of Science Degree (Honours) in Banking & Finance from the University of the West Indies (Jamaica) and a Master of Science Degree in Banking & Finance from the University of the West Indies (Barbados). Mr. Burch-Smith was appointed Business Development Manager in January 2017 following 7 years as a Corporate Relationship Manager with Bank of Saint Lucia Limited. Mr. Burch-Smith has nine years of banking experience and possesses a solid understanding of the local market with a strong network of institutional and high net worth clientele.

#### Ms. Margaret Cox (Manager-Business Operations)

Ms. Margaret Cox holds a Bachelor's Degree in Finance from St. Mary's University, Nova Scotia, Canada. She is currently the Manager-Business Operations of First Citizens Investment Services St. Lucia, prior to which she was was Senior Operations Officer with this company for 12 years. Ms. Cox is experienced in areas of compliance and banking, managing of audits both internal and external and the regular review of business processes that augment work flows.

#### The following are the details of the individuals involved in the preparation of the Prospectus:

Name	Address	Title	Functions
Richard	17 Wainwright Street	General Manager	General oversight of the FCIS
Look Kin	St. Clair		subsidiary
	Trinidad and Tobago		-
Sacha	17 Wainwright Street	Assistant	Deputy to the General Manager
Syne	St. Clair	General Manager	with responsibility for units in the
	Trinidad and Tobago		Eastern Caribbean
Beverly	17 Wainwright Street	Head,	Oversight of the Finance
Durity-Baptiste	St. Clair	Finance	Department of FCIS
	Trinidad and Tobago		
Norlann	17 Wainwright Street	Head,	Overall responsibility for the
Gabriel	St. Clair	Regional Operations	regional operations of Barbados,
	Trinidad and Tobago		and the OECS.
Omar	John Compton Highway	Country Manager,	Responsible for business
Burch-Smith	Sans Souci Castries	Saint Lucia	generation and sales in the
	Saint Lucia		ÖECS
Vangie	17 Wainwright Street	Head,	Oversight of the Group Economic
Bhagoo- Ramrattan	St. Clair	Economic Research	Research Unit.
_	Trinidad and Tobago		

#### The following are the details of the directorships of the Directors of the Company:

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Ms. Karen Darbasie	First Citizens Investment Services Limited	
	First Citizens Portfolio and Investment Management Services Limited	
	First Citizens Bank (Barbados) Limited	
	First Citizens Financial Services (Saint Lucia) Limited	
	United Way of Trinidad and Tobago	
	Pollank Limited	
	Bankers Association of Trinidad and Tobago	
	The Energy Chamber of Trinidad and Tobago	
Professor Sterling Frost	First Citizens Investment Services Limited	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	First Citizens Trustee Services Limited	
	Advisory Board for the Institute for Gender and Development Studies	
	Foundation for the Enhancement and Enrichment of Life (FEEL)	
	JLF 403 Limited	
	University of the West Indies Development and Endowment Fund (UWIDEF)	
	Petrea Limited	
	C Frost Customs Brokerage Limited Coleus Limited	
	Christerl Frost Limited	
	The Lydian Singers	
Mr. Anthony Isidore Smart	First Citizens Investment Services Limited	
	First Citizens Portfolio and Investment Management Services Limited	
	First Citizens Holdings Limited	
	First Citizens Bank Limited	
	First Citizens Bank (Barbados) Limited	
	First Citizens Costa Rica S.A.	
	Koot Real Estate Limited	
	Eight Moka Fairways Development Limited	
	A&W Isidore Smart Investments Limited	
Ms. Jayselle Mc Farlane	First Citizens Investment Services Limited	
	First Citizens Holdings Limited	
	First Citizens Bank Limited	
	First Citizens Depository Services Limited	
	South West Regional Health Authority	
	Clico Trust Corporation Limited	
	Silve Compensation Entitled	

Mr. Ryan Proudfoot	First Citizens Investment Services Limited		
	First Citizens Bank Limited		
	First Citizens Brokerage and Advisory Services Limited		
	First Citizens Bank (Barbados) Limited		
	First Citizens Portfolio & Investment Management Services Limited		
	Total Office (2006) Limited		
	Total Office Limited		
	Total Office (Caribbean) Limited		
	Total Office (Saint Lucia) Limited		
	Total Office (Guyana) Inc.		
	Al Energy Limited		
	Trinidad and Tobago Chamber of Industry & Commerce		
Mr. Troy Garcia	First Citizens Investment Services Limited		
	First Citizens Bank Limited		
	First Citizens Depository Services Limited		
Mr. Idrees Omardeen	First Citizana Investment Cominso Limited		
Mr. Idrees Omardeen	First Citizens Investment Services Limited		
	First Citizens Bank Limited		
	First Citizens Depository Services Limited		
	First Citizens Brokerage and Advisory Services Limited		
	Omardeen School of Accountancy Limited		
	Omardeen Properties Limited		
	Omardeen Professional Bookstore Limited		
Mr. David Inglefield	First Citizens Investment Services Limited		
	First Citizens Bank Limited		
	First Citizens Trustee Services Limited		
	First Citizens Bank (Barbados)Limited		
	Trinidad Cement Limited		
	Inglefield, Ogilvy & Mather		
	Oriole Holdings Limited		
	Sygnet DGT Limited		

#### **COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS OF THE ISSUER**

In accordance with FCIS By-Laws, the Directors are entitled to receive remuneration as the directors of FCIS, as may be determined. They are also entitled to be repaid all reasonable travelling and other expenses incurred by them in or about the performance of their duties as directors. Directors are currently paid a monthly fee, which includes a travel allowance. FCIS executive officers receive monthly compensation and are eligible for annual bonuses.

The aggregate amount of compensation paid to directors totalled TTD \$669,900.00 or XCD \$265,149.42 (XCD/TTD 2.5265) for the year ended September 30, 2020, while total compensation paid for the year ending September 30, 2021 is TTD \$621,500.00 or XCD \$245,992.48.

The Directors of FCIS do not own any share capital in the Company.

The Directors of FCIS do not have material interest in any contract or arrangement existing at the date of this prospectus.

The Directors of FCIS do not have any family relationships with each other nor do they have and family relationships with any other person who performs an important administrative, management or supervisory function.

The executive directors on FCIS boards are employed with the Bank.

No director or company owned by a director has any contract for the provision of goods and services with FCIS.

#### 12. OUTLOOK AND BUSINESS PROSPECTS

In 2021, most economies throughout the globe began rebounding as significant fiscal support introduced in 2020 began to translate into positive economic gains. Driven by the easing in restrictions, rapid vaccination drives amongst several major developed nations and the surge in demand for goods and services, the global economy grew by 5.9% in 2021. In 2022, global growth will decelerate to 4.9% as demand begins to normalize and extraordinary fiscal support unwinds. The surge in demand across the globe stemmed from pent-up household savings along with successful government job retention schemes but introduced significant challenges for businesses as they struggled to meet demand in the very near-term. The uptick in demand along with supply-chain shortages and substantially higher prices for raw materials accompanied by greater energy commodity prices resulted in some nations experiencing strong inflationary pressures.

In 2021, the United States (US) economy rebounded strongly by 5.5% following 2020's contraction of 3.4%. The contraction in 2020 stemmed from the slowdown in global trade and travel as governments throughout the world implemented lockdowns to curb the spread of Covid-19. Various sectors across the economy were severely impacted such as leisure and hospitality, manufacturing, construction as well as services. In 2021, aggressive vaccination drives helped to reduce severe hospitalisations and decelerated the death rate substantially. This, along with successful containment measures and the government's robust stimulus package aided in restoring losses to the economy. Most States were able to remove restrictions on movement allowing for the revival of activity in all sectors previously affected by the pandemic. In 2022, the economy is projected to grow by 3.6% as private consumption, which accounts for roughly 67% of GDP continues to rebound. Strong wage growth owing to high labour demand will support private consumption in the short-term, however supply-chain shortages and higher than expected energy prices will weigh on consumer sentiment. Growth is projected to decelerate to 2.07% and 1.98% in 2023 and 2024 as private consumption normalizes and the government reduces spending to implement much needed fiscal consolidation plans to lower debt. Monetary conditions will remain accommodative in the short-term due to adjustments of the Fed's inflation targeting scheme. The Fed seeks to achieve maximum employment and an average inflation rate of 2% over the longer run of the economic cycle. The shift in policy stance allowed the Fed to maintain the federal funds rate at its current range of 0.00-0.25% despite the relatively high inflation rate.

The Eurozone's service and trade-oriented economy contracted by 6.5% in 2020 but rebounded strongly in 2021 by 5.1%. Like the US, restrictions on movement of persons were implemented by governments in nations across the Eurozone to curb the spread of Covid-19. The moderate restoration of consumer confidence owing to the successful vaccination drives across the Eurozone contributed positively to growth in 2021. In May 2021, the European Union (EU) member states approved the Next Generation EU (NGEU) fund worth EUR750Bn to support the economic recovery in the short to medium-term. The fund which is financed through bond issuances will provide both loans and grants to all EU member states to aid in their recovery plans. The grants component of the NGEU will promote debt reduction amongst member states as the need for borrowing will be greatly reduced. In 2022, the Eurozone will expand by 4.4% and decelerate to 2.4% and 1.6% in the years 2023 and 2024. The lifting of pandemic-related restriction, high vaccination rates and substantial fiscal support will support growth in the short to medium-term. Risks to the outlook stem from the discovery of new Covid-19 variants that may be more transmissible and deadly which may lead to the reintroduction of restrictions that will hinder the Eurozone's growth potential. Supply-chain constraints and higher commodity prices namely energy and metals have weighed on industrials and manufacturing across the world's largest trading bloc. As a result, inflation rose to 4.9% in November 2021 but ended the year at around 2.3% according to S&P Global ratings. Although inflation is well above the European Central Bank's (ECB) target range of 2.0% (+/- 1.0%) the Governing Council of monetary policy strategy decided to leave the key interest rates unchanged in their October 2021 monetary policy meeting. Inflation is projected to moderate over the medium-term falling to 2.0% in 2022 and further to 1.5% by 2023.

The Chinese economy is projected to grow by 8.3% in 2021 following 2020's weak outturn of 2.3% as global demand and trade slowed due to the global pandemic. The government's successful containment of the pandemic prevented an economic contraction in 2020. The resumption in global trade boosted China's economic recovery in 2021 due to strong export growth in the earlier quarters of the year. Pent-up global demand for Chinese exports and the uptick in private consumption due to the easing of pandemic-related restrictions will continue to underpin growth in the short-term. Economic growth is projected at 5.4% for 2022 as the economy reopens however uncertainty surrounding newly discovered Covid-19 variants will weigh on the nation's short-term economic prospects. Private consumption will grow by 6.7% in 2022, slightly lower than the 7.0%. recorded in 2021.

The weaker private consumption growth forecasted for 2022 stems from supply-chain shortages and power outages faced in the last quarter of 2021 which led to slightly increased unemployment. Investment conditions will remain favourable in the coming years accounting for over 40% of China's GDP and will grow by 3.5% in 2022.

Energy commodity prices skyrocketed in Q321 due to the uptick in demand for oil and gas for heating purposes throughout the colder nations in the world. Higher demand for goods and services as several nations reopened placed more upward pressure on energy prices as supply continued to be constrained by declining production among OPEC and non-OPEC members. WTI oil prices rose substantially to end 2021 at USD75.21 per barrel from USD48.52 per barrel in 2020. According to forecasts by Bloomberg, WTI oil prices will peak at USD74.35 per barrel in 2022 before declining to as low as USD64.62 per barrel by 2024. Although energy prices are expected to fall near end 2022, prices for goods and services will remain elevated as supply constraints persist. Energy prices will remain robust in the short-term as oil demand continues to outweigh the growth in oil supply. Like energy commodity prices, the prices for metals such as aluminum, iron ore, lead, tin and zinc rose throughout 2021 owing to the rapid increase in production of various goods across the consumer spectrum.

#### **Regional Overview and Outlook**

The Caribbean region incurred significant losses to growth in 2020 due to the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic. Travel related restrictions resulted in major stoppages in the tourism sectors of many tourism-dependent nations. Trade and production restrictions worldwide saw activity in commodity-based economies decline sharply. In the IMF's October 2021 World Economic Outlook (WEO) report, in 2020 there were severe contractions in economies such as The Bahamas (-14.5%), Barbados (-18.0%), Jamaica (-10.0%), Suriname (-15.9%) and Trinidad and Tobago (-7.85%). Each of these economies experienced increases in their unemployment rates, forcing governments to engage in fiscal policies to soften the effect on the economy, though in order to achieve these policies much foreign debt was incurred. The combined effect of higher borrowing and contraction in GDP led to significant increases in debt to GDP ratios. The government gross debt to GDP ratio in the IMF's WEO report for the aforementioned economies are: The Bahamas (75.15%), Barbados (156.76%), Jamaica (107.42%), Suriname (148.24%), and Trinidad and Tobago (59.27%).

2021 saw a slight rebound for the region as vaccination drives in key markets coupled with the easing of restrictions allowed for recovery to occur, primarily from Q221. The IMF's predicted GDP growth figures for 2021 are; The Bahamas (2.0%), Barbados (3.3%), Jamaica (4.58%), Suriname (0.68%) and Trinidad and Tobago (-1.01%). Government debt remained elevated in the region throughout 2021 but is expected to narrow in coming years if the pandemic eases; the gross debt to GDP ratio in 2021 are: The Bahamas (102.55%), Barbados (138.26%), Jamaica (95.81%), Suriname (140.55%), and Trinidad and Tobago (70.42%).

In 2022, the economic recovery will depend heavily on the global economic rebound which will impact the region's tourism sector and the prioritization of public investment to spur economic activity in these nations. For 2022, the IMF projects an economic recovery for the Caribbean with growth of 3.0%. A rebound is expected in countries such as The Bahamas (8.0%), Barbados (8.5%), Jamaica (2.69%), Suriname (1.53%) and Trinidad and Tobago (5.42%). The newly discovered Omicron variant poses itself as a major downside risk to these projections as countries worldwide take measures to curb its spread.

#### Trinidad and Tobago Economic Overview and Outlook

Following a severe real GDP contraction in 2020 (-7.9% according to the latest IMF estimates), the economy is projected to decline further in 2021 by 1%, as tightened COVID-19 restrictions from May to November 2021 led to weaker domestic economic activity, while declines in oil and natural gas output have limited the country's capacity to benefit from an improved hydrocarbon pricing environment.

Trinidad and Tobago's year on year (y-o-y) inflation rate in October 2021 stood at 3.9%. Core inflation was 2.4%, while food prices increased by 7.6%. While domestic activity was muted throughout the year, with aggregate demand remaining contained, a global uptick in prices – driven by pandemic-induced supply shortages - made its presence felt in the domestic environment, especially with respect to food items. Building materials also experienced a significant spike, with a 12.6% y-o-y increase.

In 2020, monetary conditions were influenced largely by substantial monetary policy easing by the Central Bank through the reduction of the repo rate and reserve requirement ratio increased affordability of loans and liquidity conditions. Commercial banks almost immediately lowered their respective prime lending rates from the average 9.25% to 7.50%. The commercial banks' basic prime lending rate remained steady at 7.5%, and it remained as such at the end of September 2021.

The reduction in the commercial banks' weighted average lending rate from 7.39% to 7.04% combined with a fall in the weighted average deposit rate from 0.62% to 0.58% allowed for a narrowing of interest rate spreads from 6.77% in September 2020 to 6.46% in September 2021. Excess liquidity in the financial system, represented by commercial banks' average excess reserves fell gradually from \$14.22 Billion at the end of October 2020 to \$7.97 Billion at the end of September 2021. Unfortunately, due to weak demand, lending to consumers declined by 4.0% y-o-y in June 2021, while business lending contracted 2.1% over the same period. As it has done since the first wave of the pandemic in March 2020, the CBTT maintained its main policy rate, the repo rate, at 3.5%. The CBTT has also taken note of potential US interest rate hikes in 2022, based on recent guidance from the Federal Reserve. It is likely that rate hikes in the US would be followed by similar policy responses by the CBTT.

On 19 November 2021 Moody's Investors Service downgraded Trinidad and Tobago's long-term issuer and senior unsecured credit ratings to Ba2 from Ba1 and changed its outlook on the sovereign to stable from negative. The downgrade reflects the diminished ability of the T&T economy to absorb economic shocks following the pandemic, driven by a significant increase in general government debt from 62% in FY2018/19 to projected levels of 85%-90% in the next three years. Even on the assumption of strong growth in 2022-24 driven by recovering hydrocarbon production and stronger prices, the credit profile of the country is expected to be weaker.

#### **Barbados Economic Overview and Outlook**

The Central Bank of Barbados (CBB) in their review of the economy for January – September 2021 indicated that Q3 2021 was the second consecutive quarter of growth for the Barbados economy, rising by 10% relative to Q3 2020. The positive quarterly growth represents an overall improvement in tourism activity and a slight reduction in the unemployment rate from 17.2% to 15.9%. Long stay tourist arrivals for Q3 2021 stood at 43,019 compared to 13,247 in Q3 2020, however, tourism output for the first 9 months of 2021 is still 65% lower than the first 9 months of 2020 given Q1 2020 being pre-pandemic. Real GDP growth for the first 9 months of 2021 is estimated to be -3.2% y-o-y.

Tourism activity has been forecasted to continue growing, though recovery to pre-pandemic levels is still some time off. The recovery of tourism is also very sensitive and relies heavily on continued vaccination drives and restrictions from key markets such as the United States and United Kingdom (which made up 78% of overall visitors in Q3 2021), domestically, as well as the evolution of the newly discovered Omicron variant. The IMF predicts GDP growth of 3.3% (2021), 8.5% (2022), 4.8% (2023), and 2.8% (2024), however, these projections are highly dependent on the recovery of the tourism industry and the evolution of the pandemic.

The primary balance as of Q3 2021 stands at a surplus of BBD 36.3M (0.8% GDP), down from a surplus of BBD 152M (3.8% GDP) in the corresponding period of FY 2020/21. This decline in the primary balance stems from the slow recovery of revenues contrasted by the steady, continued increase in expenditures in H1 2021/22.

Government debt as at Q3 2021 stands at 146.1% GDP y-o-y, compared to 131.9% in the same time period in 2020. This is also a reduction of 5% since March 2021. Of this debt, 32.5% is external debt coming from policy based loans since 2018. According to the CBB, the contraction in Barbados' GDP was responsible for 78% of the increase in the debt ratio relative to pre-COVID levels. The IMF predicts that the debt target of 60% GDP is achievable by FY 2035/36. Fitch Solutions estimates that government debt will remain at 146% for 2021 and decline slowly, reaching 129% GDP by 2024.

Borrowing from multilateral lending agencies totalling BBD 249M/USD 122M and an injection of BDB 261.6M/USD 129M have kept foreign reserves healthy. Net international reserves stood at BBD2.391Bn/USD1.171Bn at the end of Q3 2021, representing 42 weeks of import cover. The government of Barbados has issued BBD125 million in treasury notes on December 1 2021, this is the first government issues security since their default in 2018

As of September 2021 the Barbados Economic Recovery and Transformation (BERT) programme, supported by the IMF Extended Fund Facility is on track. All structural benchmarks have been met, with the exception of the adoption of the Fair Credit Reporting Act which has been delayed.

On November 30 2021 Barbados became the world's newest Republic. Her Excellency Dame Sandra Mason was sworn in as the republic's first president.

#### Eastern Caribbean Overview and Outlook

In 2021, the Eastern Caribbean Currency Union (ECCU) grew modestly by 0.92%, following a sharp contraction of 17% in 2020. Disruptions to activity in the tourism sector across all nations within the ECCU contributed significantly to the weak economic performance. As at 15 October 2021 the backing ratio stood at 96.5%, a moderate decline from pre-pandemic levels of 99.05% measured in December 2019, but well above the statutory minimum requirement of 60.0%. The resumption of international travel amongst the ECCU's tourist source markets will allow for better economic performance in 2022. The regional economy will grow by 6.9%, but significant risks to the outlook are present. New waves of Covid-19 infections and the relatively slow vaccination rate in member states across the ECCU, continue to weigh on the short-term growth prospects of the region.

#### Strategic Market Approach

Given the condition of the local and regional economies, FCIS will continue its focus on robust risk management to ensure that the growth and stability of FCIS will continue, especially in light of the Covid19 pandemic. FCIS will focus on careful selection of global investments in the portfolio in particular in the US Corporate sectors as the US economy rebounds. There will also be focus on maintaining our portfolio in the Eastern Caribbean region as liquidity tightens. FCIS will continue to focus on its core range of services during 2022 and further intends to strengthen FCIS brand by enhancing the customer experience through offering a wider range of products and services to clients.

FCIS expects zero growth to its investment portfolio in 2022. There will be greater emphasis for the diversification of income to more fee income business and FCIS expects an increase in its net interest spread as investments are made in longer duration assets within a declining interest rate environment. However, the increase in income

will be offset by an increase in operating expenses due to increased depreciation for new properties, software upgrades and staff costs. FCIS expects that shareholder's equity will be maintained as there will be no significant changes in dividend policies.

#### **Material Contracts**

There have been no significant contracts entered into by FCIS in the past two years that are not a part of the normal course of business.

#### Recent Developments in the Issuer Business and Prospects

There have been no significant recent trends concerning the development of FCIS business over the last year that are not a part of the normal course of business.

#### **Significant Investments in Progress**

There have been no significant investments in progress by FCIS in the last year that are not a part of the normal course of business.

In order to achieve FCIS goals, the following will continue to be implemented:

#### - Maintain market penetration

by maintaining our current market share in segments of the Trinidad and Tobago and Eastern Caribbean economy, in particular, the Wealth Management and industrial and manufacturing sectors. Management will continue to meet with key corporate clients and the governments within the region to seek new investment opportunities or products. FCIS proposes to provide advisory, investment management and capital market options to government, state and small medium enterprises across the region. FCIS has established a strong pipeline of Wealth Management.

#### - Enhance risk management systems

by continuing to develop advanced systems in order to manage the risks inherent in and across the financial sector. FCIS expects that excess system liquidity will be tightening in the future. If required, FCIS will raise new funding via repurchase agreements, medium term notes and asset backed notes, however no liquidity shortages are anticipated at this time. Finally, FCIS will ensure a robust system to meet increasing regulatory requirements regionally.

#### - Pursue selective alliances and acquisitions

by considering, over the long term, strategic alliances with, or acquisitions of, or investments in securities firms in the Caribbean and Latin American regions.

#### - Diversify financial services

by providing capital markets services, asset management services, private client and wealth management services and brokerage services. We plan to enhance our product development unit and product profitability model/system. FCIS intention is to complete the creation of enhanced customer experience through the Customer Relationship Management (CRM) model for managing interactions with customers and sales prospects will be acquired and developed, as this is expected to develop customer profiling and therefore provide an appropriate cross-selling marketing programme. FCIS will also expand the traditional suite of products.

#### 13. MANAGEMENT CONTACTS

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